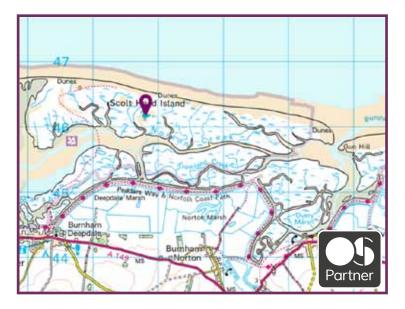




Time: 15 mins

Region: East of England

Landscape: coastal



Location:

Scolt Head Island, near Burnham Deepdale, Norfolk, PE31 8BJ

Grid reference: TF 81809 46170

Getting there:

Best reached by boat service from Overy Staithe or Burnham Deepdale

Keep an ear out for: The sound of silence

The western stretches of the Norfolk coast, seemingly rather flat and exposed to chill winds from the North Sea, have many devotees.

They attract bird-lovers who come to see migrant terns and waders, gourmets who come for the excellent sea food, yachtsmen who explore the winding creeks by sailboat and walkers who brave the mudflats to find peace from the world.

Why is Scolt Head Island one of writer Patrick Barkham's favourite viewpoints?



The highest sand dune in Norfolk is a short climb via some steps fashioned from fish crates to the grand height of perhaps a five-storey building. And yet the view from Scolt Head Island has an unexpectedly wild grandeur.

In geological terms, Scolt is a newborn, perhaps only 800 years old. Originally a ridge of stones lying in the shallow North Sea, it has been pushed landwards by north winds and westwards by longshore drift.

Geologists hail it as the best example of an offshore barrier island in Britain and it was admiring scientists who encouraged the National Trust to pay £500 in 1923 to preserve Scolt from development.

Scolt still looks much as it did then, and this unobtrusive tidal island of tawny sand dunes is easily missed among the more celebrated nature reserves of the North Norfolk coast.

It's possible to walk out to the island for an hour either side of low tide (although care must be taken to research tide times and local weather conditions) and the high dune is found above "The Hut", a fairytale-looking cottage of oak shingles which was constructed for the first "Watcher" who guarded the tern colonies that thrive on its western tip.

Here, Scolt is still growing with the vigour of a child. A 1954 map shows the island ending at a ridge of dunes called Bight Hills but there is now a kilometre of new dunes to the west.

There are plenty of human marks on this liminal landscape, from the old coastal cottages of Brancaster Staithe to the tower of St Withburga's church peeping from grand design of Holkham estate.

Wind is a particular theme: to the south is Burnham Overy Staithe windmill; to the north its modern incarnation, Lynn and Inner Dowsing wind farms, with the Lincolnshire coast beyond.

The overwhelming impression, however, is one of peace and space. Salt marsh, with its purple sea lavender and riddle of creeks, is a landscape that humans find it hard to conquer.

Here is one of the last wild places of southern Britain and all the more wonderful for it.



Norfolk's saltmarsh



Scolt Head Island map



Viewpoint written and created by Patrick Barkham, author of *Coastlines – The Story of our Shore* published by Granta.

Viewpoint created by Patrick Barkham. Period map by permission of the National Library of Scotland Photos: Scolt Island hut © Julin Dowse, Geograph (CCL) / Norfolk saltmarsh © Natural England/Peter Blakely